Unit Title: Music All Around Us

INSTRUCTIONAL UNIT AUTHORS

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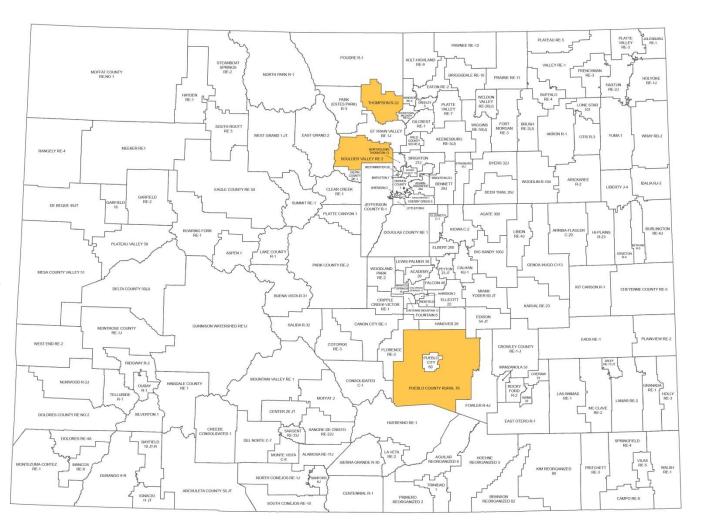
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BASED ON A CURRICULUM OVERVIEW SAMPLE AUTHORED BY

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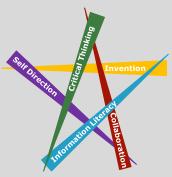
Thompson School Districe Marcy Cochran



This unit was authored by a team of Colorado educators. The template provided one example of unit design that enabled teacherauthors to organize possible learning experiences, resources, differentiation, and assessments. The unit is intended to support teachers, schools, and districts as they make their own local decisions around the best instructional plans and practices for all students.

Content Area	Music	Grade Level	3 rd Grade	
Course Name/Course Code				
Standard	Grade Level Expectations (GLE)	GLE Code		
1. Expression of Music	Perform from memory and use simple traditional notation			MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1
	2. Perform extended rhythmic, melodic, and harmonic patterns			MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.2
2. Creation of Music	Short musical phrases and patterns			MU09-GR.3-S.2-GLE.1
	2. Notate music using basic notation structure			MU09-GR.3-S.2-GLE.2
3. Theory of Music	Apply and demonstrate use of basic dynamics, tempo, meter, and a vocabulary	MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1		
	2. Analyze simple notational elements and form in music	MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.2		
	3. Identify vocal and instrumental tone colors	MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.3		
	4. Identify and aurally recognize simple melodic, rhythmic, and harmo	MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.4		
4. Aesthetic Valuation of	Identify personal preferences for specific music	MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1		
Music	2. Respond to, and make informed judgments about, music through process	MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.2		
	3. Articulate music's significance within an individual musical experience		MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.3	

Colorado 21st Century Skills



Critical Thinking and Reasoning: Thinking

Deeply, Thinking Differently

Information Literacy: *Untangling the Web*

Collaboration: Working Together, Learning

Together

Self-Direction: Own Your Learning

Invention: Creating Solutions



The Colorado Academic Standards for Music are not intended to be taught in a linear (checklist of coverage) fashion, but rather should be implemented as a cyclical creative process. Each unit within this sample blueprint intentionally includes standards from all four music standards to illustrate this process-based philosophy.

Unit Titles	Length of Unit/Contact Hours	Unit Number/Sequence
Music All Around Us	Instructor's Choice	Instructor's Choice

Unit Title	Music All Around Us		Length of Unit	Instructor choice	
Focusing Lens(es)	Influence Perspective	Standards and Grade Level Expectations Addressed in this Unit	MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1, MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.2 MU09-GR.3-S.2-GLE.1 MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1, MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.2, MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.3, MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.4 MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1, MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.2, MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.3		
Inquiry Questions (Engaging- Debatable):	 How does music affect culture? (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.2,3) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1,2,3) How does culture affect music? Why does music sound different around the world? 				
Unit Strands	Expression, Creation, Theory, Aesthetic Valuation				
Concepts	Culture, Tradition, Style, Expression, Perspective, Beliefs				

Generalizations	Guiding Questions			
My students will Understand that	Factual	Conceptual		
Culture and tradition develop a personal perspectives on and beliefs about music. (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1, 2,3,4) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4GLE.1,2,3	What kinds of traditions influence musical culture? In what settings do we hear or participate in music? How do people physically respond to music?	Why is music from other cultures important? How does the context of music affect personal perspective?		
Cultures use music to instill traditions. (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1,2,3,4) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1,2,3)	How do cultures use music to communicate? How do a cultural events affect its' music? What instruments represent specific cultures? How has technology influenced contemporary music?	How can music represent a culture? How is music from other cultures similar and different?		

Critical Content: My students will Know		Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)	
 Music is integral to culture and traditions (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE-2,3) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1,2,3) Different cultures may use different instruments (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.3-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.3-EO.d) Cultures are influenced by other culture's musical contributions (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.2-GLE.1) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.3, 4) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1,2,3) Music in cultures and traditions can change over time (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.2-GLE.1) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.3,4) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1, 	•	Recognize music and it's connection to a culture (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.2-GLE.1) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1,2-EO.b) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1, 2,3) Describe instrumentation of teacher-specified cultures (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.3-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.2,3) Move responsively to cultural music (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1,2) and (MU09-GR.3-S.2-GLE.1) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1,2) and (MU09-GR.3-S.4-GLE.1,2) Compare music of different cultures and traditions (MU09-GR.3-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1,2) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1,2) and (MU09-GR.3-S.3-GLE.1,2).	

Critical Language: includes the Academic and Technical vocabulary, semantics, and discourse which are particular to and necessary for accessing a given discipline. EXAMPLE: A student in Language Arts can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement: "Mark Twain exposes the hypocrisy of slavery through the use of satire."						
ability to apply and comp	A student in can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement(s): Music has expressive elements, instrumentation and unique sounds that are shaped by culture and traditions. Musical choices are influenced by these elements and traditions.					
Academic Vocabulary:	Texture, expression, society, pr	Texture, expression, society, preference, compare and contrast, continent, country, culture, tradition, unique, personal				
Technical Vocabulary:	Instrumentation, form (rondo), pitch, expressive elements (dynamics, tempo, articulation), style					

Unit Description:	In this unit, students will compare and contrast music of diverse cultures, using the musical concepts of dynamics (loudness and quietness of music), tempo (speed of music), articulation (way music is played) and form (structure and patterns in the music). Students will explore the role and traditions of the music within the culture, and the origins of (cultural) forms of music. They will also examine how music in a culture has changed/transformed or stayed consistent over time. The culminating project will include a group performance of (community-based) culturally diverse music and individual or small group original projects such as artwork, a song, an instrument, descriptive writing, drama or dance.				
Considerations:	In this unit it is important to broaden the definition of culture. Students have experience with culture, but these experiences may not have been clearly defined. When discussing traditions that use music, it is encouraged to clearly define and explain the ways in which music is used and reasons why music is a vital part of the traditions especially traditions that are not as well known in Colorado.				
	Unit Generalizations				
Key Generalization:	Culture and traditions develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music				
Supporting Generalizations:	Cultures use music to instill traditions				

Performance Assessment: The capstone/summative assessment for this unit.				
Claims: (Key generalization(s) to be mastered and demonstrated through the capstone assessment.) Culture and traditions develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music.				
Stimulus Material: (Engaging scenario that includes role, audience, goal/outcome and explicitly connects the key generalization)	You and your classmates have been asked by the office of tourism for this community to act as guest artistic ambassadors! Tourism agencies often bring people to a city, state or country by using the cultural benefits as an attraction. Using multiple forms of media including artwork, songs created in the style of (or about) a culture, created instruments, descriptive writings, dramatic performances, dances, etc, your job is to depict the cultural diversity of this community. You will present a culminating group performance in an immersion setting (informance, full concert, etc.) of the pieces you created for local business leaders and community members.			
Product/Evidence: (Expected product from students)	Students will perform in a whole class performance that incorporates student created pieces (e.g. artwork, a song, an instrument, a piece of writing, drama or dance). They will be able to demonstrate music that reflects a variety of cultural backgrounds. Students will be able to articulate their understanding of at least one culture through their creation of an artifact communicating a unique or key aspect about the culture.			
Differentiation: (Multiple modes for student expression)	Students may work individually or in small groups to create their pieces (musically and visually), and students may choose the culture(s) to represent.			

Texts for independent reading or for class read aloud to support the content				
Informational/Non-Fiction	Fiction			
A Listen to World Music-Jennifer Reed Music Everywhere- Maya Ajmera, Instruments and Music- Daniel Nunn	Abiyoyo- Pete Seeger (based on a South African Lullaby and Folk Story) (AD610L Lexile level) The Singing Snake- Czernecki and Rhodes (folk tale from Australia)			

Music and Dance (Discovering World Cultures)-Fiona MacDonald and Neil Morris
The Milestones Project- Richard and Michele Steckel
Worlds of Sound (The story of Smithsonian Folkways)- Richard Calin
The Music Teacher's Book of Lists- Cynthia Meyers-Ross
Connecting Cultures: A Guide to Multi-cultural Literature for Children- Rebecca L.
Thomas

The Drum:retold- Rob Cleveland (Folk tale from India) (660L Lexile level)

Cat and Rat: The Legend of the Chinese Zodiac- Ed Young (AD430L Lexile level)

Pete Seeger's Storytelling Book- Pete Seeger (Stories based on songs and family histories)

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Ong	going Discipline-Specific Learning Experiences						
1.	Description:	Think/work like a musician- Singing skills	Teacher Resources:	We Will Sing-Doreen Rao (Boosey and Hawkes) http://nccas.wikispaces.com/Child+Development+Research (College Board Research on developmental stages and arts education) http://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs listed by grade level) http://www.musick8.com/html/ideadisplay.php?ibid=1245&ideasubject=&idtextsearch=&submittedby=&group1 (Ideas for helping students match pitch) http://bangertmusic.tripod.com/musicatbangert/id37.html (3rd grade curriculum checklist with student friendly tips for singing)			
			Student Resources:	N/A			
	Skills:	Demonstrate proper singing technique: Straight posture, breath support, blending with group, good tone quality, pitch matching	Assessment:	Throughout this unit, students will accurately demonstrate correct techniques when singing. https://www.ocps.net/cs/ese/support/curriculum/Documents/A%20Checklist%20for%20Everything%20Book.pdf (Modifiable collection of checklists to collect observation data)			
3.	Description:	Think/work like a musician- Instrument skills	Teacher Resources:	Mallet Madness and Mallet Madness Strikes Again - Artie Almeida, Strike It Rich: Mallet Activities for Children- Jeff Kriske and Randy DeLelles http://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs listed by grade level) http://www.musick8.com/html/ideadisplay.php?ibid=927&ideasubject=&idtextsearch=&submittedby=&group1 (Instrument management) http://bangertmusic.tripod.com/musicatbangert/id37.html (3rd grade curriculum checklist with student friendly tips for using instruments)			
			Student Resources:	N/A			
	Skills:	Demonstrate proper instrument use: Correct mallet technique, proper care of instruments, correct playing of all instruments (good technique, not playing too loud, etc.)	Assessment:	Throughout this unit, students will accurately demonstrate correct techniques when playing and instrument. https://www.ocps.net/cs/ese/support/curriculum/Documents/A%20Checklist%20for%20Everything%20Book.pdf (Modifiable collection of checklists to collect observation data).			

Prior Knowledge and Experiences

Students are expected to know the definition of culture. It may be helpful to pre-asses/gauge their knowledge of culture on the first day through open ended questioning. Students are expected to have some experience with culturally diverse music in school. Students are expected to have prior experience with singing, moving, and playing classroom instruments.

Learning Experiences # 1 – 11 Instructional Timeframe: Teacher Determined

Learning Experience # 1	Learning Experience # 1					
The teacher may lead a discussion about music of different cultures (intentionally including the students'), so that students can begin considering cultural connections to music.						
Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and be	liefs about music				
Teacher Resources:	http://www.nationalgeographic.com/worldmusic (Comprehensive World Music resource) http://afropop.org (Guide to African music and World Music on the radio) http://globalrhythm.net (World music information and downloads) http://www.calabashmusic.com (Site for listening to world music) http://www.smithsonianglobalsound.org/sgs_live.aspx_(Video performance and interviews of World musicians. Must register) http://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs listed by grade level)					
Student Resources:	N/A					
Assessment:	Students will generate a class list/chart of culturally diverse music (school songs, family songs, folk songs) through brainstorming songs from known repertoire or their own personal experiences.					
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)				
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	N/A	N/A				
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)				
	N/A	Students may use post-it notes to place song titles on a world map to show the location/region the song comes from				
Critical Content:	 Music is integral to culture and traditions Different cultures may use different instruments 					
Key Skills:	Recognize music and its connection to a culture					
Critical Language:	Expressive elements (tempo, dynamics, articulation, etc.), instrumentation, timbre, culture, tradition, sing, dance, culture, artifact					

Learning	Experience	# 2

The teacher may introduce musical terms related to dynamics, articulation, and tempo so that students can identify these elements in musical examples and begin performing and using these elements.

elements in musical examples a	nd begin performing and using these elements	•
Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and bel	iefs about music
Teacher Resources:	Song examples: as El Patio de Mi Casa (GIA Publications), Youtub Continents and other dance CDs and DVDs by Sanna Longder Burdett Ginn), Moving Within the Circle: Contemporary National Continents: Action Songs, Musical Games, and Folk Songs (Mhttp://www.nationalgeographic.com/worldmusic (Comprehensing http://afropop.org (Guide to African music and World Music on http://globalrhythm.net (World music information and downloa http://www.calabashmusic.com (Site for listening to world music http://www.smithsonianglobalsound.org/sgs_live.aspx (Video phttp://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs limit http://milestonesproject.com/ (The Milestones Project-Richard http://www.pinterest.com/boutonk/mu-ed-vocabulary/ (Pinterest)	n, De Colores and Fiestas by José-Luis Orozco, Bridges to Asia (Silver ve American Music and Dance by Bryan Burton, iFiestas de lacmillan McGraw-Hill) ive World Music resource) the radio) ads) ic) erformance and interviews of World musicians. Must register) isted by grade level) and Michele Steckel)
Student Resources:	Lyrics to songs, student textbooks if needed	
Assessment:	Students will begin creation of a word wall for musical terms related to dynamics, tempo, articulation, tone color and form of the songs, so students can make connections to musical elements throughout entire unit. http://www.schoolexpress.com/wordwalls/wordwalls.php (Word Wall Templates)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Vocabulary and pictures for dynamics, tempo, articulation, tone color, and form http://www.pinterest.com/boutonk/mu-ed-vocabulary/ (Pinterest page with a variety of charts for musical vocabulary) Provide picture representing each cultural song. http://www.pinterest.com/search/pins/?q=cultures (Pinterest page with a variety of cultural images) Provide pictures of instruments represented in the songs. http://www.pinterest.com/search/pins/?q=music%20instruments uments (Pinterest page with a variety of instrument images)	Students may point to a picture representing each cultural song Students use world map or globe to show where the songs come from
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	http://www.musicwithease.com/music-instrument- pictures.html (Wide variety of musical instruments by category and with images)	Students may research about the instruments that create the different cultural sounds

Unit Title: Music All Around Us

Critical Content:	 Music is integral to culture and traditions Different cultures may use different instruments
Key Skills:	Recognize music and its connection to a culture. Describe instrumentation of teacher-specified cultures. Move responsively to cultural music
Critical Language:	Expressive elements (tempo, dynamics, articulation, etc.), instrumentation, timbre, culture, tradition, country, unique, perspective, beliefs

Learning Experience # 3			
•	The teacher may introduce example songs from diverse cultures (see Teacher Resources) so students can perform the songs and begin to identify musical elements (dynamics, articulation, and tempo) unique to specific (cultural) musical expression(s).		
Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music		
Teacher Resources:	http://quizlet.com/92598/music-vocabulary-words-flash-cards http://www.nationalgeographic.com/worldmusic (Comprehens http://afropop.org (Guide to African music and World Music or http://globalrhythm.net (World music information and downlo http://www.calabashmusic.com (Site for listening to world music http://www.smithsonianglobalsound.org/sgs_live.aspx_(Video http://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs http://milestonesproject.com/ (The Milestones Project- Richard http://www.pinterest.com/boutonk/mu-ed-vocabulary/ (Pinte	sive World Music resource) In the radio) Is the radio of the radi	
Student Resources:	N/A		
Assessment:	Students will be able to connect and demonstrate musical terms associated with the culturally diverse music. http://www.quia.com/jg/539163.html (Music Vocabulary Match Game)		
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	http://www.quia.com/jg/539163.html (Music Vocabulary Match Game)	Students may match pictures with musical terms or instrument sounds Students may refer to a word wall when discussing musical terms	
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
	N/A	Student already studying an instrument privately may demonstrate varied dynamics, tempo, articulation on his/her instrument	
Critical Content:	Music is integral to culture and traditions. Cultures are influenced by other culture's musical contributions		
Key Skills:	Recognize music and its connection to a culture. Describe instrumentation of teacher-specified cultures. Move responsively to cultural music		
Critical Language:	Expressive elements (tempo, dynamics, articulation, etc.), instrumentation, timbre, culture, tradition, country, unique, expression		

Learning Experience # 4

The teacher may review and/or introduce instrumental and vocal tone colors so that students can experience sounds that reflect/capture different cultural sounds.

reflect/capture different cultural sounds.		
Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and bel	liefs about music
Teacher Resources:	http://www.nationalgeographic.com/worldmusic (Comprehensive World Music resource) http://afropop.org (Guide to African music and World Music on the radio) http://globalrhythm.net (World music information and downloads) http://www.calabashmusic.com (Site for listening to world music) http://www.smithsonianglobalsound.org/sgs_live.aspx_(Video performance and interviews of World musicians. Must register) http://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs listed by grade level) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JfTeXZTNJA8&list=PLH-V5ORvRt5pL0SWjOlTl04yRGWdcntMg (Beauty of Cultures collection of YouTube Videos)	
Student Resources:	N/A	
Assessment:	culturally diverse music. https://www.ocps.net/cs/ese/support/curriculum/Documents/ collection of checklists to collect observation data).	demonstrating, writing and/or verbally describing tone colors in A%20Checklist%20for%20Everything%20Book.pdf (Modifiable ank, lined paper with room for illustrations/visuals-great for journal
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Picture vocabulary to describe tone color http://quizlet.com/subject/music-vocabulary-tone-color/ (Site with a variety of tone color vocabulary sets)	Students may use picture cards to describe tone colors)
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	Thinking Map, double bubble map or graphic organizer such as a Venn diagram http://www.eisd.net/cms/lib04/TX01001208/Centricity/D omain/599/DoubleBubbleMap.pdf (Compare and contrast thinking map)	Students may use a Thinking Map (double bubble map, or other graphic organizer) to compare and contrast tone colors in the culturally diverse music
Critical Content:	 Different cultures may use different instruments. Cultures are influenced by other's musical contributions. 	
Key Skills:	Describe instrumentation of teacher-specified cultures. Com	pare music of different cultures and traditions.
Critical Language:	Instrumentation, timbre, culture, tradition, country, unique, exp	pression, expression, tone color, compare and contrast, influence

Learning Experience #5

The teacher may review and introduce musical forms (e.g. Rondo, ABA, AB, and question and answer) so that students can comprehend the importance of structure of (culturally) diverse forms of musical expression.

Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music	
Teacher Resources:	Song Examples: Roots and Branches (World Music Press), Games Children Sing China (Alfred), Music of Our World (Hal Leonard), music in call and response form such as "Che Che Koolay," (Making Music), music in AB form such as "Xiao yen chuan," (Making Music), "Ribbon Dance" (The Music Connection), music in ABA form such as "Yanai," (Spotlight on Music), music in rondo form such as "La Raspa" (The Music Connection and Making Music) or "Los mariachis" (Spotlight on Music)	
Student Resources:	N/A	
Assessment:	Students will be able to demonstrate and/or describe the musical form of culturally diverse pieces through movement. http://www.pinterest.com/source/musicelementary.blogspot.com/ (Pinterest page with examples of representing musical patterns)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Icons to represent musical patterns http://www.pinterest.com/source/musicelementary.blogs pot.com/ (Pinterest page with examples of representing musical patterns) Use of scarf/hand movements to represent musical patterns	Students may create their own musical patterns and can play or sing them
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may create a visual representation of different types of musical form Students may create their own movements to show the form
Critical Content:	 Different cultures may use different instruments. Cultures are influenced by other culture's musical contributions. 	
Key Skills:	Move responsively to cultural music.	
Critical Language:	Form, compare and contrast, culture, tradition, pattern, structure, represent	

Learning Experience # 6

The teacher may review examples of (culturally) unique forms of music expression so that students begin using their understandings of musical elements to make cultural associations/attributions.

Teacher Resources:	other dance CDs and DVDs by Sanna Longden, De Colores an Moving Within the Circle: Contemporary Native American M Musical Games, and Folk Songs (Macmillan McGraw-Hill) Roots and Branches (World Music Press), Games Children Sin response form such as "Che Che Koolay," (Making Music), m Dance" (The Music Connection), music in ABA form such as "(The Music Connection and Making Music) or "Los mariachis http://www.nationalgeographic.com/worldmusic (Comprehens http://afropop.org (Guide to African music and World Music on http://globalrhythm.net (World music information and downloa http://www.calabashmusic.com (Site for listening to world mushttp://www.smithsonianglobalsound.org/sgs_live.aspx (Video phttp://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs live.sps.)	ive World Music resource) the radio) ads) ic) serformance and interviews of World musicians. Must register)
Student Resources:	N/A	
Assessment:	Students will be able to demonstrate how musical terms apply to the culturally based songs through movement, verbal description, and/or a visual matching activity. The students will create class a tree map or other graphic organizer to compare and contrast the musical elements of the songs. http://www.quia.com/jg/539163.html (Music Vocabulary Match Game) http://www.eisd.net/cms/lib04/TX01001208/Centricity/Domain/599/DoubleBubbleMap.pdf (Compare and contrast thinking map)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	http://www.eisd.net/cms/lib04/TX01001208/Centricity/Doma in/599/DoubleBubbleMap.pdf (Compare and contrast thinking map)	Students may fill in a partially completed comparison diagram.
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	N/A
Critical Content:	Cultures are influenced by other culture's musical contributions.	
Key Skills:	Compare music of different cultures and traditions.	
Critical Language:	Expressive elements (tempo, dynamics, articulation, etc.), instrucement compare and contrast	mentation, timbre, culture, tradition, country, unique, expression,

Learning Experience # 7

The teacher may invite community members to perform contemporary (culturally-distinct) musical expressions so that students can begin examining how (culturally-distinct) music traditions are maintained, abandoned, and/or transformed.

can begin examining how (culturally-distinct) music traditions are maintained, abandoned, and/or transformed.		
Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music	

Teacher Resources:	http://www.nationalgeographic.com/worldmusic (Comprehensive World Music resource) http://afropop.org (Guide to African music and World Music on the radio) http://globalrhythm.net (World music information and downloads) http://www.calabashmusic.com (Site for listening to world music) http://www.smithsonianglobalsound.org/sgs_live.aspx (Video performance and interviews of World musicians. Must register) http://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs listed by grade level) Colorado Community Partners that provide culturally diverse musical performances: http://guides.milespartnership.com/co/edu/ (Colorado Arts Education Guidebook- eMagazine. Page 65 begins listings of community partners organized by region)	
Student Resources:	N/A	
Assessment:	Students will be able to verbally describe similarities and differences between past and present music after seeing/hearing one traditional and current piece of music from the same culture. Teacher may provide a class Venn diagram chart to capture student observations: http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/interactives/venn diagrams/ (Venn diagram generator)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	https://www.teachervision.com/graphic- organizers/printable/6293.html (Variety of Comparison Graphic Organizers)	Students will use musical vocabulary with picture supports to describe past and present music
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	N/A
Critical Content:	 Cultures are influenced by other culture's musical contributions Music in cultures and traditions can change over time 	
Key Skills:	Compare music of different cultures and traditions	
Critical Language:	Preference, society, expressive elements (tempo, dynamics, articulation, etc.), instrumentation, timbre, culture, tradition, country, unique, expression, compare and contrast	

Learning Experience #8

The teacher may lead a discussion about personal perspectives on and experiences with (culturally-unique) forms of musical expression so that students can begin to consider their own personal (cultural) relationships to music.

Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music
Teacher Resources:	Song examples: El Patio de Mi Casa (GIA Publications), Rhythmically Moving CDs by Phyllis Weikart, Dances of the 7 Continents and other dance CDs and DVDs by Sanna Longden, De Colores and Fiestas by José-Luis Orozco, Bridges to Asia (Silver Burdett Ginn), Moving Within the Circle: Contemporary Native American Music and Dance by Bryan Burton, ¡Fiestas de canciones!: Action Songs, Musical Games, and Folk Songs (Macmillan McGraw-Hill)

	Roots and Branches (World Music Press), Games Children Sing China (Alfred), Music of Our World (Hal Leonard), music in call and response form such as "Che Che Koolay," (Making Music), music in AB form such as "Xiao yen chuan," (Making Music), "Ribbon Dance" (The Music Connection), music in ABA form such as "Yanai," (Spotlight on Music), music in rondo form such as "La Raspa" (The Music Connection and Making Music) or "Los mariachis" (Spotlight on Music) http://www.nationalgeographic.com/worldmusic (Comprehensive World Music resource) http://afropop.org (Guide to African music and World Music on the radio) http://globalrhythm.net (World music information and downloads) http://www.calabashmusic.com (Site for listening to world music) http://www.smithsonianglobalsound.org/sgs_live.aspx (Video performance and interviews of World musicians. Must register) http://www.musicnotes.net/Index_2003.html (Site with songs listed by grade level)	
Student Resources:	N/A	
Assessment:	Students will be able to share their personal perspectives and beliefs about the cultural songs through class discussion and/or a persuasive writing exercise (essay, class poster/chart/power point) including accurate use of musical terminology. http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/persuasion%20map.pdf (Modifiable persuasive writing template)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	N/A	Students may provide their personal beliefs about music individually or in small groups
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/interactives/venn_diagrams/ (Venn diagram generator)	Students may create a Venn diagram outlining personal preference for two or more genres of music
Critical Content:	Music is integral to culture and traditions	
Key Skills:	 Recognize music and its connection to a culture Compare music of different cultures and traditions 	
	Compare music of different cultures and traditions	

The teacher may model and use resources in rehearsal techniques, so that students can understand the importance of rehearsal in the creative process.

Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music	
Teacher Resources:	Checklist for performance task	
Student Resources:	Checklist for performance task, instruments, and other resources to complete performance task	
Assessment:	The students will demonstrate readiness of their cultural project by fully completing a planning checklist and receiving ongoing	

	feedback form the teacher. http://bangertmusic.tripod.com/musicatbangert/id37.html (3rd grade curriculum checklist with student friendly tips for using instruments) http://bangertmusic.tripod.com/musicatbangert/id37.html (3rd grade curriculum checklist with student friendly tips for singing)		
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/timeline.pdf (Printable template of a basic timeline)	Students may use a timeline to stay on track for project	
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
	N/A	N/A	
Critical Content:	 Music is integral to culture and traditions Different cultures may use different instruments Cultures are influenced by other culture's musical contributions Music in cultures and traditions can change over time 		
Key Skills:	 Recognize music and its connection to a culture Move responsively to cultural music 		
Critical Language:	Preference, society, expressive elements (tempo, dynamics, articulation, etc.), instrumentation, timbre, culture, tradition, country, unique, expression, compare and contrast		

Learning Experience # 10

(Post-Performance Task) The teacher may model the feedback/reflection process so that the students can understand the significance of reflection in relation to the influence of culture within the multiple perspectives and beliefs about music.

significance of reflection in relation to the influence of culture within the multiple perspectives and beliefs about music.			
Generalization Connection(s):	Culture and tradition develop a personal perspective on and beliefs about music Cultures use music to instill traditions		
Teacher Resources:	Way to record reflections such as white board or poster paper		
Student Resources:	N/A		
Assessment:	Students will contribute to the reflections, either in pair share, or speaking to the class, including self-assessment of the learning from their own project and the performance task as a whole. The class reflection should include musical terms and comparing and contrasting culturally diverse music and traditions.		
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)	

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(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	N/A	N/A
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	N/A
Critical Content:	 Music is integral to culture and traditions Different cultures may use different instruments Cultures are influenced by other culture's musical contributions Music in cultures and traditions can change over time 	
Key Skills:	 Recognize music and its connection to a culture Describe instrumentation of teacher-specified cultures Move responsively to cultural music Compare music of different cultures and traditions 	
Critical Language:	Preference, society, expressive elements (tempo, dynamics, articulation, etc.), instrumentation, timbre, culture, tradition, country, unique, expression, compare and contrast	