Unit Title: Creative Expression for Healthy Problem Solving

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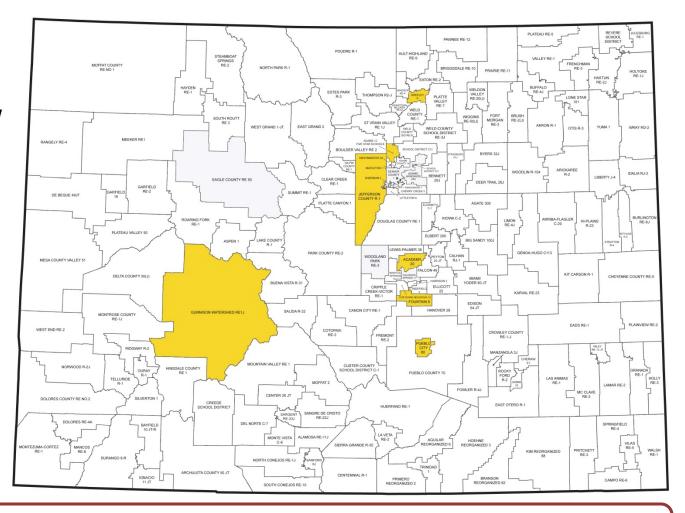
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This unit was authored by a team of Colorado educators. The template provided one example of unit design that enabled teacherauthors to organize possible learning experiences, resources, differentiation, and assessments. The unit is intended to support teachers, schools, and districts as they make their own local decisions around the best instructional plans and practices for all students.

This instructional unit integrates the following separate units:

- Comprehensive Health, 1st grade, Express Myself (see the Unit Overview here in Word or PDF); and
 Drama and Theatre Arts, 1st grade, Create and Perform an Environment (see the Unit Overview here in Word or PDF)

Throughout this unit we denote levels of content area integration by listing an **Integration Continuum Color***, as follows:

(GREEN	Active involvement in developmentally appropriate knowledge production results in work that fuses arts and non-arts disciplines.	
E	BLUE	Equal and significant attention is given to arts and non-arts techniques, skills, or concepts. Authentic experiences and media are used.	
ı	<mark>'INK</mark>	Work combines some techniques, skills, and concepts from arts and non-arts disciplines, but proficiency is uneven.	
1	<mark>ELLOW</mark>	Peripheral affective goals are met through the work. Learning is demonstrated in one discipline or the other, but not both.	

^{*} Adapted from Varieties of Arts Integration developed by Center for Applied Research and Educational Improvement and Perpich Center for Arts Education ©2002 Regents of the University of Minnesota

Unit Description:	This unit explores the ways that human and animal characters express emotions both verbally and non-verbally. The unit asks students to include what they know about characters (human and animal) and their environments to further explore the ways in which actors use context and physical structure (i.e., body types, sizes, etc.) in creating characters. The unit builds to a culminating performance assessment that asks students to create and perform a living-book project that includes the story environment as well as verbal/non-verbal communication, facial expressions, and body language in order to express emotions. The goal of this unit is to help teach children to develop life-long skills around appropriate and healthy problem-solving. Through the use of experiential learning and dramatic re-telling, students will articulate how writers use animal stories/fables to illuminate conflicts similar to problems people face in their own lives.				
Considerations:	N/A				
	Unit Generalizations				
Key Generalization:	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal characters are personified through informed actions within their environments				
Supporting Generalizations:	Comprehensive Health: Various resources such as parents or other trusted adults can provide problem-solving strategies to help a person to make more positive decisions Effective listening skills aid positive communication; trusted adults are resources that help young people develop proper health care Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and actions help construct environments Animal and human characters demonstrate an understanding of environments through actions				

Performance Assessment: The capstone/summative assessment for this unit.

Both disciplines integrated

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

	BLUE: Equal and significant attention is given to arts and non-arts techniques, skills, or concepts. Authentic experiences and media are used.		
Claims: (Key generalization(s) to be mastered and demonstrated through the capstone assessment.)	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills. Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal characters are personified through informed actions within their environments.		
Stimulus Material: (Engaging scenario that includes role, audience, goal/outcome and explicitly connects the key generalization)	As a group of authors, you have been asked to create and present a living-book to a company interested in developing an interactive storybook app. Using a familiar animal-based story (e.g. The Elephant Pit) that portrays a positive solution to a common conflict or problem you must include the setting as well as characters' unique verbal/non-verbal communications (e.g. facial expressions, and body language). Your group is responsible for bringing to life one of the conflicts in the story to help teach children how positive communication helps to develop life-long skills around appropriate and healthy problemsolving. The goal is for children to see how the conflicts in the animal story are similar to problems they face in their own lives.		
Product/Evidence: (Expected product from students)	Students will work in groups to produce a living-book page based on one scene of the children's book, The Elephant Pit . Emphasis will be placed on animal and human characters in the correct environment as well as verbal/non-verbal communication, facial expressions, and body language in order to express emotions and show problems and their solutions throughout the story. The final product can be a live performance or technology enhanced presentation, but students should always create the characters with their own bodies. Students will self-evaluate their performances based on teacher-created criteria. http://www.byramhills.org/files/filesystem/Kindergarten-Jean-Mary%20Beth-Linda-Mardi-Kathy%20IOP%20SUMMARY%202013-FINAL.pdf (Modifiable ideas for peer and self-evaluation rubrics)		
Differentiation: (Multiple modes for student expression)	Students will all be responsible for ensuring the successful creation of the animal characters and the performance of the living-book regardless of single or multiple performance decision. Students may, however, take on different (even multiple) responsibilities, including:		

Texts for independent reading or for class read aloud to support the content			
Fiction			
Comprehensive Health Texts:			
Weekend with Wendell -Kevin Henkes, (Lexile level 510)			
The Quarreling Book - Charlotte Zolotow, (Lexile level 870)			
Thump and Plunk - Janice Udry, (Lexile level 210) The Unfriendly Book -Charlotte Zolotow. (Lexile range 300)			
Howard B Wigglebottom Learns to Listen - Howard Binkow (Picture Book, Lexile Level			
460)			
Listen, Buddy- Helen Lester (Lexile Level 520)			
Howard B Learns It's Okay to Back Away: A Story About Managing Anger - Howard Binkow (Lexile Level 500)			
Listening Lotto: Nursery Rhymes: Develop Listening Skills and Learn Some Wonderful			
Traditional Nursery Rhymes —Game by Key Education Publishing (Lexile range 300)			
Traditional variety hilymes dame by key Education vabilishing (Eexile range 500)			
Drama and Theatre Arts Texts:			
How to Be a Cat- Nikki McClure (Lexile level 120)			
From Head to Toe- Eric Carle (Lexile level 120)			
Move -Robin Page (Lexile level 450)			
What do You do When Something Wants to Eat You?-Steve Jenkins (Lexile level 400)			
Biggest, Strongest, Fastest- Steve Jenkins (Lexile level 840)			
Waddle - Rufus Butler Seder (Lexile level 120)			
Gallop- Rufus Butler Seder (Lexile level 120)			

Ong	oing Disciplin	ne-Specific Learning Experiences –	Comprehens	Ongoing Discipline-Specific Learning Experiences – Comprehensive Health				
1.	Description:	Think and work like a health advocate- developing positive verbal and non-verbal	Teacher Resources:	http://www.teachingchannel.org (Developing Communication Skills in the Elementary Classroom) http://www.natcom.org (Communication skills training for elementary school students)				
		communication skills	Student Resources:	http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/4column.pdf (Four column chart)				
	Skills:	Develop strong communication skills to solve problems appropriately for a given situation	Assessment:	Students will write a daily journal entry that focuses on either human or animal verbal or non-verbal communication skills and how they relate to emotions, environments, and/or problem solving.				
2.	Description:	Think and work like a health advocate- to express emotions and feelings in ways that are appropriate to the situation	Teacher Resources: http://www.ehow.com/how_5139498_teach-preschool-children-emotions-feelings.htm (Teaching children about emotions and feelings) http://www.byramhills.org/files/filesystem/Kindergarten-Jean-Mary%20Beth-Linda-Mary%20IOP%20SUMMARY%202013-FINAL.pdf (Modifiable ideas for peer and self-evaluation rubrics)					
			Student Resources:	http://www.byramhills.org/files/filesystem/Kindergarten-Jean-Mary%20Beth-Linda-Mardi- Kathy%20IOP%20SUMMARY%202013-FINAL.pdf (Modifiable ideas for peer and self- evaluation rubrics)				
	Skills:	Develop strong communication skills to express emotions in a healthy manner	Assessment:	Teacher will assess the verbal and nonverbal communication skills of a small group of students each day through observation and data keeping. Teacher will also provide immediate feedback to those students each day.				

Ong	Ongoing Discipline-Specific Learning Experiences – Drama and Theatre Arts				
1.	Description:	Think/work like an actor- building an animal character connected to the environment	Teacher Resources:	http://plays.about.com/od/actvities/a/minutetales.htm (Ideas for 60 second Fairy Tales) http://www.byramhills.org/files/filesystem/Kindergarten-Jean-Mary%20Beth-Linda-Mardi- Kathy%20IOP%20SUMMARY%202013-FINAL.pdf (Action research project by Kindergarten teachers with modifiable ideas for peer and self-evaluation rubrics)	
			Student Resources:	See teacher resources for peer observation ideas. Students, however, may use graphic organizers to capture visually and in writing their peers' efforts to effectively convey an animal character http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port_26pt_line_story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room for illustrations/visuals-great for journal entries)	
	Skills:	Ask questions, based on discoveries, after viewing performances	Assessment:	Students will, throughout the unit, be asked to provide peer observations intended to help their fellow performers develop their characters. They will pay particular attention to the most effective ways to convey animal characters!	

2.	Description:	Think/work like an actor- using various techniques to convey character	Teacher Resources:	Show Time: Music, Dance, and Drama Activities for Kids- Lisa Bany-Winters http://www.childdrama.com/picturebook.html (Ideas for using picture books for drama) http://sites.uci.edu/class/kindergarten/theater-kindergarten/kindergarten-theater-lesson-5/ (Warm up lesson for building focus and increasing vocabulary while learning to speak audibly and clearly)
			Student Resources:	http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port 26pt line story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room for illustrations/visuals-great for journal entries)
	Skills:	Demonstrate a variety of emotions through facial expressions, variety of emotions through body movements, variety of emotions through vocal inflections	Assessment:	Students will keep a "character" journal wherein they will document the multiple opportunities they will have to create facial expressions, body language, and sounds related to specific animals and animal characters (Note: This journal could also be a "video" journal using something like Voicethread as the means for students to upload entries: https://voicethread.com/)

Prior Knowledge and Experiences

Teachers will use their professional judgment and knowledge of their students (including information gained from relevant pre-assessments) to determine the kinds of introductory learning experiences and/or reinforcement experiences that may need to be delivered prior to or within the unit.

The learning experiences build upon a presumed (student) working knowledge of concepts such as active listening and sharing ideas. This unit will continue to develop the skills of positive communication and positive expressions of emotions.

These dramatic activities build upon a presumed (student) working knowledge of moving in a given space safely and respectfully. Practicing and role playing the dos and don'ts of space use is recommended.

Personal space resources:

http://room8-adventuresinkindergarten.blogspot.com/2013/02/personal-space.html (Adventures in Kindergarten blogspot)

http://misssciamanna.blogspot.com/2013/10/personal-space.html (Teacher's personal blogspot)

Learning Experience # 1

Both disciplines integrated

The teacher may utilize a children's picture book containing both humans and animals so that students can begin exploring ways to pantomime different characters and emotions.

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

GREEN: Active involvement in developmentally appropriate knowledge production results in work that fuses arts and non-arts disciplines.

Generalization Connection(s):	Drama and Theatre Arts:
	Animal and human characters, through movements and actions help construct environments
	Comprehensive Health:
	Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and
	develop lifelong skills

Teacher Resources:	http://www.mariadismondy.com/2012/9/books-that-teach-trust (Picture books that teach children about trust and trusted adu http://www.babble.com/toddler/10-toddler-books-about-feelings/ (Picture books that can be used by the teacher or students) Those Darn Squirrels-Adam Rubin and Daniel Salmieri Tuesday Tucks Me In: The Bond Between a Soldier and His Service Dog- Luis Carlos Montalvan and Bret Witter				
Student Resources:	http://www.mariadismondy.com/2012/9/books-that-teach-trust (Picture books that teach children about trust and trusted add http://www.babble.com/toddler/10-toddler-books-about-feelings/ (Picture books that can be used by the teacher or students) Those Darn Squirrels-Adam Rubin and Daniel Salmieri Tuesday Tucks Me In: The Bond Between a Soldier and His Service Dog- Luis Carlos Montalvan and Bret Witter				
Assessment:	Students will safely explore animal and human movements, emotions, and problem-solving through pantomime. Students will discuss two different emotions attached to verbal and non-verbal expressions as well as the problem in the story. AND Students will also reflect on their pantomime using a student reflection/self-evaluation checklist. http://www.byramhills.org/files/filesystem/Kindergarten-Jean-Mary%20Beth-Linda-Mardi-Kathy%20IOP%20SUMMARY%202013-FINAL.pdf (Modifiable ideas for peer and self-evaluation rubrics)				
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)			
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Students may require additional explanation or repetition of the story Students may be provided with ideas about expressions	Student may dictate the writing necessary for the student rubric Students may utilize whole class, small group, or paired discussions for assessment			
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)			
	www.enchantedlearning.com/graphicorganizers (Story frame graphic organizer) www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer (Examples of T-charts) http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/wheel eng.p df (Wheel graphic organizer with topic at the center)	Students may use graphic organizers or artistic expressions to illustrate understanding around animal and human movements, emotions, and problem-solving			
Critical Content:	 Communication skills Effective listening skills Various expressions of emotions Appropriate expressions of feelings and emotions Different ways characters move in specific environments that show relationships and dependency The difference between a theatrical setting and imaginary characters 				
Key Skills:	 Skills of cooperation and sharing with others Problem-solving strategies Share and cooperate with other students, teachers, and family members Solve problems appropriately for a given situation Express emotions and feelings in ways that are appropriate to the situation Respond politely and empathetically in many situations 				

	 Listen effectively to the speaker Create environments, where characters interact through movement with their setting Ask questions, based on discoveries, after viewing each performance
Critical Language:	Communication, listening skills, emotions, feelings, expressions, cooperation, compare, contrast, observation, express, feelings, character, mood, communicate, pantomime

Learning Experience # 2

Both disciplines integrated

The teacher may utilize examples of human facial expressions and body language so that students can begin to consider and explore how humans express emotions non-verbally.

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOV

BLUE: Equal and significant attention is given to arts and non-arts techniques, skills, or concepts. Authentic experiences and media are used.

Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and actions help construct environments		
Teacher Resources:	http://www.education.com/reference/article/effective-parent-child-communication/ (Website on effective ways of communication) www.buzzle.com/articles/communication-skills-activities.html (Communication skills activities http://homework.answers.com/study-methods/8-games-to-help-you-practice-nonverbal-communication-at-home-with-family-and-friends (Games to Help You Practice Nonverbal Communication at Home with Family and Friends) The Classroom X-Factor: The Power of Body Language and Non-Verbal Communication in Teaching —John White http://www.teachingchannel.org/videos/teaching-non-verbal-communication (Video showing how non-verbal communication can be taught through movement and dance) http://www.skillsyouneed.com/ (Communication Skills strategies) http://lifehacker.com/5901468/use-this-body-language-cheat-sheet-to-decode-common-non+verbal-cues (Facial and body language cues) http://center-for-nonverbal-studies.org/6101.html (Non-verbal dictionary with pictures) http://www.shutterstock.com/cat.mhtml?searchterm=body+language&search_group=⟨=en&search_source=search_form (Imag es of body language)		
Student Resources:	http://www.babble.com/toddler/10-toddler-books-about-feelings/ (Picture books that can be used by the teacher or students) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sTziMz8ukSg (Sesame Street: Emotions With Margaret Cho) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zEk48QQSPo4 (Learn Emotions!) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eQVR-LSja68 (Walt Disney – Donald Duck – Self Controlconsider taking out the sound to focus on non-verbal movement) Weekend with Wendell - Kevin Henkes, (Lexile level 510)		

	The Quarreling Book - Charlotte Zolotow, (Lexile level 870) Thump and Plunk - Janice Udry, (Lexile level 210)		
Assessment: Students will work with a partner or independently to create their first journal page about a human non-verbal scenario that us body language and facial expressions only, to tell a story. Students will share their depictions with their classmates to check their classmate can verbally describe the scenario that was being depicted in the drawing. http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port 26pt line story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room to write and visually document the story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room to write and visually document the story.pdf			
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port_26pt_line_story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room to write and visually document the stories told in the scenarios)	Students may illustrate and/or dictate the story from the scenario to a peer or teacher	
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
	<u>www.enchantedlearning.com/graphicorganizers</u> (Story frame graphic organizer)	Students may write a short story in which they describe a situation when they have had to use non-verbal communication Pairs can perform non-verbal stories for the class	
Critical Content:			
Key Skills:	to the situation evement with their setting te to their environment		
Emotions, feelings, communication, non-verbal, mood, setting, character, volume, culture, setting (time and place), character, communicate, feelings, observation, express			

Learning Experience # 3

Both disciplines integrated

The teacher may utilize examples of animal facial expressions and body language so that students can begin to consider and explore how animals express emotions non-verbally.

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

BLUE: Equal and significant attention is given to arts and non-arts techniques, skills, or concepts. Authentic experiences and media are used.

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Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and actions help construct environments	
Teacher Resources:	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7eCSoy0LWA (Gorilla facial expressions) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bvsfB7sf4QU (Cat facial expressions and body language)	
Student Resources:	How Animals Work -DK Publishing (Lexile level 200+) Uncover a Dog-Paul Beck (Lexile level 450 +) Uncover a Cat- Paul Beck (Lexile level 450 +) Uncover a Horse - David George Gordon (Lexile level 450 +) Uncover a Tiger-Paul Beck (Lexile level 450 +) Move- Robin Page (Lexile level 450) What do You do When Something Wants to Eat You?-Steve Jenkins (400 Lexile level) Biggest, Strongest, Fastest-Steve Jenkins (Lexile level 840) Waddle-Rufus Butler Seder (Lexile level 120+) Gallop-Rufus Butler Seder (Lexile level 120)	
Assessment:	Students will work with a partner or independently to create a journal page about an animal non-verbal scenario that uses body language and facial expressions only, to tell a story. AND Students will write about the unique animal movement they have depicted (e.g. short/ one word-entries about the movement they have documented and the emotion it conveys) http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port_26pt_line_story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room to write and visually document the stories told in the scenarios)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Students may require additional explanation or repetition of the video (or additional videos) Students may be provided with ideas about expressions (from the text) to capture understanding)	Students may dictate the writing necessary for the journal entry (to a peer or the teacher)

Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may document multiple expressions from the video and/or multiple animal expressions based on the texts
Critical Content:	 Various expressions of emotions Appropriate expressions of feelings and emotions Communication skills Different ways animal characters move in specific environme Examples of scene setting The difference between a theatrical setting and imaginary ch 	
Key Skills:	 Express emotions and feelings in ways that are appropriate t Manage emotions and feelings in a natural matter Create environments, where characters interact through mo Describe several different environments where animals related 	vement with their setting
Critical Language:	Emotions, feelings, communication, non-verbal, mood, setting, communicate, feelings, observation, express	character, scene, volume, culture, setting (time and place), character,

Learning Experience # 4

Drama and Theatre Arts Focus

The teacher may introduce an improvisation game so that students can explore moving like a particular animal or human character (e.g. snake, mouse, lion, eagle, hunter, king/queen).

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

YELLOW: Peripheral affective goals are met through the work. Learning is demonstrated in one discipline or the other, but not both.

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Generalization Connection(s):	Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and actions, help construct environments
Teacher Resources:	http://improvencyclopedia.org/games//Barnyard.html (Barnyard improvisational game)
Student Resources:	From Head to Toe- Eric Carle (Lexile level 120+) Move- Robin Page (Lexile level 450) What do You do When Something Wants to Eat You?-Steve Jenkins (400 Lexile level) Biggest, Strongest, Fastest-Steve Jenkins (Lexile level 840) Waddle-Rufus Butler Seder (Lexile level 120+) Gallop-Rufus Butler Seder(Lexile level 120)
Assessment:	Students will play an improvisation game to explore moving like a particular animal or human character (e.g. snake, mouse, lion, eagle, hunter, king/queen) so that students can identify their matches through movements.

	http://tccl.rit.albany.edu/knilt/index.php/Unit Four: How to incorporate play observations in the kindergarten classroom (Great ideas for observational note-taking for young students' performance work)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Students may participate in a guided movement exercise http://dramaresource.com/games/mime-and-movement (Good ideas for working with students and guided movement) Students may use wordless picture books listed in teacher resources as bases for practicing/demonstrating these expressions	Students may explain how their movement represents their character
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may use a costume center, puppets or picture boxes to augment their work or reference their previous journal pages
Critical Content:	 Different ways animal characters move in specific environments that show relationships and dependency Examples of scene setting The difference between a theatrical setting and imaginary characters 	
Key Skills:	 Create environments, where characters interact through movement with their setting Describe several different environments where animals relate to their environment 	
Critical Language:	Mood, setting, character, communicate, feelings, observations, costume, scene, game, improvisation	

Learning Experience # 5

Comprehensive Health Focus

The teacher may provide students with examples of verbal communication (e.g., word choice, politeness, tone, empathy) so that students can begin to consider how people use sound to express emotions.

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

YELLOW: Peripheral affective goals are met through the work. Learning is demonstrated in one discipline or the other, but not both.

Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills
Teacher Resources:	Owie-Cadabra's Verbal First Aid for Kids: A Somewhat Magical Way to Help Heal Yourself and Your Friends – Book by Judith Simon Prager www.buzzle.com/articles/communication-skills-activities.html (Communication skills activities) http://creation.com/communication-fundamentals-10-fun-ways-to-teach-children-effective-communication-skills (Communication activities)

	and culture through a social, emotional and mental health a http://www.teachingchannel.org (Developing Communication Shttp://www.natcom.org (Communication skills training for elemhttp://www.everydaylife.globalpost.com (Games to improve liswww.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer (Examples of T-charts) http://www.zerotothree.org/early-care-education/early-langua-communication in children)	Skills in the Elementary Classroom) nentary school students) stening skills for elementary students) ge-literacy/communication-skills.html (Website on supporting namon Social Challenges - Nadine Briggs (Problem-solving between ertha Kendall (Strategies, role plays, useful dialogue) McLeod Humphrey (25 scenarios for decision making) stein (Making good decisions) urstein (Decision Making)
Student Resources:	I Just Don't Like the Sound of No! - Julia Cook Tattle Tongue – Julia Cook My Mouth is a Volcano – Julia Cook Lacy Walker-Non-stop Talker – Christianne C. Jones What If Everybody Did That? – Ellen Javernick Making Friends is an Art – Julia Cook Thanks For the Feedback – Best Me I Can Be - Julia Cook Sorry I Forgot To Ask!: My Story About Asking Permission and Making an Apology - Julia Cook I Just Don't Like the Sound of No! - Julia Cook Speak Up! Communicating Confidently – Books by John Burstein (Effective Communication)	
Assessment:	Students will complete a T-chart in their journal with 3 examples of negative and/or positive communication skills and examples of when they have used each skill (e.g., http://www.enchantedlearning.com/graphicorganizers/pmi/)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer (Example of T-charts)	Students may complete a T-chart by drawing pictures or using pictures from magazines
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may use examples from their T-charts to create posters that highlight negative and/or positive forms of communication Students may complete a t-chart digitally using images online
		Stadents may complete a t chart digitally asing images offinic

Key Skills:	 Express emotions and feelings in ways that are appropriate to the situation Respond politely and empathetically in many situations
Critical Language:	Communication, tone, empathy, politeness, word choice

Learning Experience # 6

Drama and Theatre Arts Focus

The teacher may utilize examples of vocal variations of animals so that students can begin to consider and explore how animals use sound to express emotions.

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

YELLOW: Peripheral affective goals are met through the work. Learning is demonstrated in one discipline or the other, but not both.

Generalization Connection(s):	Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and action	ons help construct environments
Teacher Resources:	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuiwA4Ne_pU (Farm animal sounds) http://soundbible.com/tags-animal.html (Various animal sounds in different contexts)	
Student Resources:	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuiwA4Ne_pU (Farm anima http://soundbible.com/tags-animal.html (Various animal sounds	
Assessment:	Students will continue their journal by documenting (drawing) one example of a unique sound for a particular animal and writing about the sound they depicted (e.g. short/word-entries-about the sound they have documented and the emotion it conveys). And/Or Students will create an onomatopoeia type entry or audio/video tape their journal entry using software such as Voicethread as the means for students to upload entries. http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port 26pt line story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room to write and visually document the stories told in the scenarios) https://voicethread.com/ (Voicethread – Audio and video presentation)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Students may require additional explanation or repetition of the video (or additional videos) Students may be provided with ideas about expressions to capture https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/dragon-dictation/id341446764?mt=8 (Dragon Speak dictation software app)	Students may dictate the writing necessary for the journal entry (to a peer, using dictation software, older student or parent volunteer or the teacher)

Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may document multiple sounds from the video and/or multiple animal sounds based on the texts Students may illustrate an image of the sound in their journals (shape, color, image)
Critical Content:	 Different ways characters move in specific environments that show relationships and dependency Examples of scene setting 	
Key Skills:	 Create environments, where characters interact through movement with their setting Describe several different environments where animals relate to their environment 	
Critical Language:	Mood, setting, character, costume, scene, speed, pitch, volume, culture, mood, setting (time and place), character, communicate, feelings, observation, express	

Learning Experience #7

Social Studies Focus

The teacher may utilize a fairytale inspired improvisation scenario (e.g. The Lion King Court) so that students can apply what they have learned about animal expressions, body movements, and sounds to a given context.

Integration Continuum Color: **GREEN** BLUE PINK YELLOW

GREEN: Active involvement in developmentally appropriate knowledge production results in work that fuses arts and non-arts disciplines.

Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills Effective listening skills aid positive communication Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal characters are personified through informed actions within their environments Animal and human characters demonstrate an understanding of environments through actions
Teacher Resources:	http://www.childdrama.com/lplion.html (Lion King Court role play and improvisational game)
Student Resources:	From Head to Toe-Eric Carle (Lexile level 120) Move-Robin Page (Lexile level 450) What do You do When Something Wants to Eat You? -Steve Jenkins (Lexile level 400) Biggest, Strongest, Fastest- Steve Jenkins (Lexile level 840) Waddle by Rufus Butler Seder (Lexile level 120) Gallop by Rufus Butler Seder (Lexile level 120 How to Be a Cat by Nikki McClure (Lexile level 120+) Does a Seal Smile? by Harriet Ziefert Flip-A-Face Series: Furry Friends: Same and Different by SAMi Do Goldfish Gallop?: A Book About Animal Movement (Animals All Around) -Michael Dah

	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bvsfB7sf4QU (Cat facial expressions and body language) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lyU-O6F8-Js (Primal Girl's Animal Movement Medley) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7eCSoy0LWA (Gorilla facial expressions)	
Assessment:	Students will create and perform a short scene (e.g. Lion King Court) that indicates animal characterization (use of appropriate facial expression, body movement and vocal intonation) based upon a given context of qualities or traits that make a character trustworthy or loyal. http://www.childdrama.com/lplion.html (Lion King Court role play and improvisational game)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	http://www.kidactivities.net/post/Improv-Games-and- Exercises.aspx (Drama games listed, Cross the Circle" can be used to shift environments and have students show their environmental shifts one at a time versus a group	Students may draw their own idea of the character and setting before acting out the scene Students may warm up with a "cross the circle" game to prepare for shifting environments and character reactions
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may create up to three environments to act within considering possible transitions needed (e.g. visiting another kingdom, preparing for a conflict, preparing for a celebration) Students may interact with other characters Students may change characters
Critical Content:	 Skills of cooperation and sharing with others Problem-solving strategies. Communication skills Various expressions of emotions Appropriate expressions of emotions Effective listening skills Different ways characters move in specific environments that show relationships and dependency Examples of scene setting 	
Key Skills:	 Listen effectively to the speaker Express emotions and feelings in ways that are appropriate to the situation Create environments, where characters interact through movement with their setting Describe several different environments where animals relate to their environment Identify how audience members understand an animal's relationship to their environment through observation Describe how the stage, actions and relationships of the performers and the setting communicated the environment to the audience Ask questions, based on discoveries, after viewing each performance 	
Critical Language:	Emotions, feelings, expressions, listening skills, mood, setting, c setting (time and place), character, communicate, feelings, c	

Learning Experience #8

Both disciplines integrated

The teacher may introduce a student-centered context (e.g., emotional situations when students had an argument with a friend/sibling, emotional choice about following a parent's rule) so that students can begin examining specific verbal and non-verbal expressions of feelings to a given context.

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

PINK: Work combines some techniques, skills, and concepts from arts and non-arts disciplines, but proficiency is uneven.

Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills Various resources such as parents or other trusted adults can provide problem-solving strategies to help a person to make more positive decisions Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal characters are personified through informed actions within their environments
Teacher Resources:	http://digitalcollections.sit.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1263&context=ipp_collection Theatre Games and Group Problem-Solving Exercises for the Foreign Language Classroom (Look at Initiative Games. These have no set solution and require students to problem solve together.) http://www.amazon.com/How-Make-Keep-Friends-Challenges/dp/1456313460 Overcome 50 Common Social Challenges - by Nadine Briggs (Problem-solving between friends) http://www.amazon.com/Conflict-Resolution-Kindergarten-Positive-Actions/dp/0742427862 Grade 1: Positive Actions - by Martha Kendall (Strategies, role plays, useful dialogue)
Student Resources:	I Want It! - Elizabeth Crary (Problem-solving among kids) Talk and Work It Out - Cheri J. Meiners (Problem-solving among kids) No, It's Mine – Shimrit Nothman, Lior Misrachi, Bushra Owais (Problem-solving among kids) Give It Back - Shimrit Nothman, Lior Misrachi, Bushra Owais (Problem-solving among kids)
Assessment:	Students will perform an improvised scene of possible problem-solving steps that could be used in a teacher-selected peer scenario that would provide a resolution (e.g., an argument with a friend/sibling, choice about following a parent's rule) And Create a journal entry where they illustrate their favorite problem and solution from the day. http://digitalcollections.sit.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1263&context=ipp_collection -pages 29-32 (Theatre Games and Group Problem Solving Activities) http://tccl.rit.albany.edu/knilt/index.php/Unit_Four: How_to_incorporate_play_observations_in_the_kindergarten_classroom (Great ideas for observational note-taking for young students' performance work) http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port_26pt_line_story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room to write and visually document the stories told in the scenarios)

Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	<u>www.enchantedlearning.com/graphicorganizers</u> (Story frame graphic organizer)	Students may work with a peer using a graphic organizer to develop the problem solving steps Students may orally present the problem solving steps to a peer or teacher
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	http://www.buzzle.com/articles/problem-solving-activities- for-kids.html (Teachers will select problem-solving activities) http://digitalcollections.sit.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1 263&context=ipp collection (Teacher will select problem-solving activities)	Students may explore various problem solving games and scenarios to extend their understanding concerning how people solve problems in different ways
Critical Content:	 Skills of cooperation and sharing with others Problem-solving strategies Communication skills Different ways characters move in specific environments that 	at show relationships and dependency
Key Skills:	 Share and cooperate with other students, teachers, and fam Solve problems appropriately for a given situation Use problem-solving skills when faced with a difficult choice Create environments where characters interact through more Describe several different environments where animals related 	vement with their setting
Critical Language:	Cooperation, communication, problem-solving, resolution, moo	d, character, communicate, feelings, observations, scene

Learning	Experience	# 0
Learning	EXDELIENCE	# 7

Both disciplines integrated

The teacher may introduce the characters, themes, conflict of an animal-based fable (e.g. Elephant Pit), story or fairytale so that students can begin to analyze problem-solving skills in the animal world and how this relates to interpersonal situations.

Integration Continuum Color: **GREEN** BLUE PINK YELLOW

GREEN: Active involvement in developmentally appropriate knowledge production results in work that fuses arts and non-arts disciplines.

Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health:
	Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way, and
	develop life-long skills

Colorado Feacher-Additored Sample Instructional Onit		
	Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and acti Animal characters are personified through informed actions	·
Teacher Resources:	http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/script.html (The Elephant Pit- vhttp://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dQeFONpT_Nk (The Elephant http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O9jr-EbISMI (The Elephant http://www.storiestogrowby.com/stories/From%20the%20Elepstudents) http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/stories/elephant_pit_tibet.html	ant Pit- read aloud with transcript) Pit- performed by elementary students) phant%20Pit.mp3 (The Elephant Pit- audio telling by elementary
Student Resources:	http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/script.html (The Elephant Pit-vhttp://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dQeFONpT Nk (The Elephant http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O9jr-EbISMI (The Elephant http://www.storiestogrowby.com/stories/From%20the%20Elepstudents) http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/stories/elephant pit tibet.htm	ant Pit- read aloud with transcript) Pit- performed by elementary students) phant%20Pit.mp3 (The Elephant Pit- audio telling by elementary
Assessment:	Students will perform/convey the first problem/solution found in a particular story (e.g. the initial capture of the animals) and create a journal entry where they draw their favorite problem and solution from the story. http://www.byramhills.org/files/filesystem/Kindergarten-Jean-Mary%20Beth-Linda-Mardi-Kathy%20IOP%20SUMMARY%202013-FINAL.pdf (Modifiable ideas for peer and self-evaluation rubrics) http://tccl.rit.albany.edu/knilt/index.php/Unit_Four: How to incorporate play observations in the kindergarten classroom (Great ideas for observational note-taking for young students' performance work)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	http://tccl.rit.albany.edu/knilt/index.php/Unit Four: How to _incorporate_play_observations_in_the_kindergarten_cla _ssroom (Great ideas for observational note-taking for young students' performance work)	Students may describe a story solution to teacher orally
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/playwriter/id493494958?mt =8 (Script writing app) https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/story-planner-for- writers/id860024390?mt=8 (Story planning app) www.enchantedlearning.com/graphicorganizers (Story frame graphic organizer) Simple costume parts, puppets	Students may write a script for a scene in the story that conveys problem/solution Students may write and/or perform an alternate solution to a problem in the story Students may add an additional animal character to the story, defending its inclusion and/or how this character could change the problem in the story
Critical Content:	 Skills of cooperation and sharing with others Problem-solving strategies Communication skills 	

	 Different ways characters move in specific environments that show relationships and dependency Examples of scene setting
Key Skills:	 Share and cooperate with other students, teachers, and family members Solve problems appropriately for a given situation Use problem-solving skills when faced with a difficult choice Ask questions, based on discoveries, after viewing each performance
Critical Language:	Cooperation, communication, problem-solving, resolution, mood, character, communicate, feelings, observations, scene

Learning Experience # 10

Both disciplines integrated

The teacher may introduce "environment" through a fable (e.g. Elephant Pit), story or fairytale so that students may begin to analyze the importance of environment and its effect on human and animal problem solving skills, strategies, and resolutions.

Integration Continuum Color: GREEN BLUE PINK YELLOW

GREEN: Active involvement in developmentally appropriate knowledge production results in work that fuses arts and non-arts disciplines.

Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and actions help construct environments
Teacher Resources:	http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/script.html (The Elephant Pit- written script) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dQeFONpT_Nk (The Elephant Pit- read aloud with transcript) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O9jr-EbISMI (The Elephant Pit- performed by elementary students) http://www.storiestogrowby.com/stories/From%20the%20Elephant%20Pit.mp3 (The Elephant Pit- audio telling by elementary students) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1bUKu9NvEHg (Animal Survival and Adaptation) http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/stories/elephant_pit_tibet.html (The Elephant Pit Story)
Student Resources:	http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/script.html (The Elephant Pit- written script) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dQeFONpT_Nk (The Elephant Pit- read aloud with transcript) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O9jr-EbISMI (The Elephant Pit- performed by elementary students) http://www.storiestogrowby.com/stories/From%20the%20Elephant%20Pit.mp3 (The Elephant Pit- audio telling by elementary students) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1bUKu9NvEHg (Animal Survival and Adaptation) http://hazel.forest.net/whootie/stories/elephant_pit_tibet.html (The Elephant Pit Story)
Assessment:	Students will write a letter in their journals from the perspective of a character at the first problem in the story (e.g., the initial capture of the animals) explaining how the character acts, feels, and speaks in that environment.

	http://www.abcteach.com/free/p/port 26pt line story.pdf (Blank, lined paper with room to write and visually document the stories told in the scenarios) http://tccl.rit.albany.edu/knilt/index.php/Unit Four: How to incorporate play observations in the kindergarten classroom (Great ideas for observational note-taking for young students' performance work)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/dragon- dictation/id341446764?mt=8 (Dragon Speak dictation software app)	Students may orally dictate the letter to a peer, teacher or use of dictation software) Students may perform the letter Students may draw a picture of the ideas in the letter
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may perform the letter
Critical Content:	 Communication skills Various expressions of emotions Appropriate expressions of feelings and emotions Problem-solving strategies Skills of cooperation and sharing with others Different ways characters move in specific environments that show relationships and dependency Examples of scene setting 	
Key Skills:	 Listen effectively to the speaker Express emotions and feelings in ways that are appropriate to the situation Solve-problems appropriately for a given situation Share and cooperate with others Create environments, where characters interact through movement with their setting Describe several different environments where animals relate to their environment Identify how audience members understand an animal's relationship to their environment through observation. Describe how the stage, actions and relationships of the performers and the setting communicated the environment to the audience Ask questions, based on discoveries, after viewing each performance 	
Critical Language:	Communication, listening skills, tone, empathy, word choice, cooperation, resolution, expressions, feelings, mood, setting, character, costume, scene, speed, pitch, volume, culture, mood, setting (time and place), character, communicate, feelings, observation, express	

Learning Experience #11

Both disciplines integrated

(Post Performance Assessment) The teacher may model the process of self-assessment so that students can begin to connect how dramatic portrayals can illuminate challenges to effective verbal and non-verbal communication as well as the potential positive outcomes/benefits of each.

Integration Continuum Color: **GREEN** BLUE PINK YELLOW

GREEN: Active involvement in developmentally appropriate knowledge production results in work that fuses arts and non-arts disciplines..

Generalization Connection(s):	Comprehensive Health: Appropriate expression of emotions with others will improve communication, allow for problem-solving in a healthy way and develop lifelong skills Drama and Theatre Arts: Animal and human characters, through movements and actions help construct environments	
Teacher Resources:	N/A	
Student Resources:	N/A	
Assessment:	Looking at the problem in story, was the solution positive or verbal communication a more effective strategy to solve the between characters in the performance and why?	rforming the scenarios helps them think about better ways to clude: What are some ways the characters expressed emotion? negative? How do you know? In the performance, was verbal or non-problem? How do you know? What was your favorite interaction ank, lined paper with room for illustrations/visuals-great for journal
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/dragon- dictation/id341446764?mt=8 (Dragon Speak dictation software app)	Students may dictate their reflections
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	http://www.scholastic.com/teachers/lesson-plan/how-books/ (Lesson plan from Scholastic on writing "hoe to" stories with first graders-includes mini lessons and activity ideas)	Students may write a book from their perspective on tips about putting a play
Critical Content:	Ways to discuss performances in positive ways Emotion depictions	

Key Skills:	 Identify important moments within a performed text in a dramatic context Ability to critique performance and self-reflect in a positive way
Critical Language:	Blocking, stage directions, improvisation, ensemble work, dramatize, breath control, vocal tones, plot, setting, mood, beginning, middle, end, character, main idea, sequence