

201 East Colfax Avenue Denver, CO 80203-1799

Dec. 23, 2021

Dear Supts, BOCES directors and other partners,

Apologies for the abrupt end to the call today-I was not the host and was not expecting that!

Attached is the PDF of the slides Dr. Herlihy shared. We will also try to get the link and send it out in a CDE Update.

We will be working on the questions in the chat over the holidays.

My best, Katy

Katy autos

Katy Anthes, Ph.D. Commissioner



December 23, 2021 - Omicron Update

Rachel Herlihy, MD, MPH State Epidemiologist

Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment



COVID-19 Variants of Concern Sentinel Surveillance. Updated on Tuesdays



Specimen Collection Week

Updated Dec 21, 2021

*As of June 28, 2021, B.1.427 and B.1.429 are no longer variants of concern and will not be included in Variants of concern after 7/6/2021.

**As of September 21,2021, B.1.1.7, B.1.351, and P.1 are no longer variants of concern and will not be included in variants of concern after 10/5/2021.

Methods were updated to include AY.3 -AY.12 in B.1.617.2



Proportion of S Gene Target Failure (SGTF) Specimens Among All Positive PCR Results, Colorado State Public Health Laboratory





Cases increasing Colorado



Updated Dec 22, 2021

covid19.colorado.gov/data





Comparison of state and county rates for select counties

Percent positivity increasing



Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

Updated Dec 22, 2021



Hospitalizations trends still improving



<u>covid19.colorado.gov/data</u>



Hospital capacity



covid19.colorado.gov/data



What we know and don't know

Will Omicron displace Delta? Probably yes. Omicron spreads faster than Delta, and will likely overtake it as the most common variant in Colorado in the near future.

Can Omicron infect people with prior infection or vaccine-acquired immunity? Yes. We have high confidence that Omicron can evade vaccine and infection-acquired immunity to cause infection. Early evidence suggests that boosters can significantly reduce vaccine-evasion. Vaccine may also provide greater protection against severe disease than infection.

Is Omicron less severe than Delta? Evidence is very mixed right now. Even with significantly reduced severity, Omicron's increased transmissibility and immune escape could lead to very high hospitalization rates.



Third doses greatly increases antibody response vs Omicron

Even with limited data, there is strong evidence that individuals who have received three doses of an mRNA vaccine have much better protection than those who have received only two doses.

Given Omicron's rapid growth rate, it's important to increase booster rates as soon as possible to provide protection in January 2022.



Differences in neutralizing responses soon after primary vaccination series versus boosting for Moderna, Pfizer, and J&J from <u>Garcia-Beltran et al.</u>



Pfizer and Omicron

 Increased waning immunity for Omicron vs Delta - 35% vs 64% at 25+ weeks

• 76% VE for Omicron 2 weeks after 3rd (booster) shot (95% for Delta)







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 $\label{eq:https://khub.net/documents/135939561/430986542/Effectiveness+of+COVID-19+vaccines+against+Omicron+variant+of+concern.pdf/f423c9f4-91cb-0274-c8c5-70e8fad50074$

Monoclonal antibodies and Omicron

- Mutations in the receptor binding domain (RBD) are most likely to affect monoclonal antibody effectiveness
- Bamlanivimab/etesevimab and casirivimab/imdevimab (REGEN-COV) are both expected to have decreased activity against Omicron
- Sotrovimab is expected to retain activity against Omicron
 - IV formulation only
 - Treatment only (no post-exposure prophylaxis)
 - Will be prioritized for high risk individuals and settings





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Thank you!

